



# Climate Program Office Review

May 24-26, 2022

Pre-Recorded Presentation Supporting Review Activity  
Area #1: ESSM

**Overview of Atmospheric Chemistry, Carbon Cycle and  
Climate (AC4) Program**

Monika Kopacz, Ph.D., AC4 Program Manager

Shiv Das, Ph.D., AC4 Program Specialist

# Overview

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- **Briefing Purpose:** Overview of AC4 Program
- **Context:** Subactivity for Activity Area 1; AC4 Program is part of CPO's Earth System Science and Modeling Division

# Atmospheric Chemistry, Carbon Cycle and Climate (AC4) 101



AC4 was formed in 2013 with the goal to determine the **processes** governing atmospheric concentrations of **trace gases and aerosols** in the context of the Earth System. AC4 strengthens, extends and complements OAR Lab efforts with external and cross-LO engagement

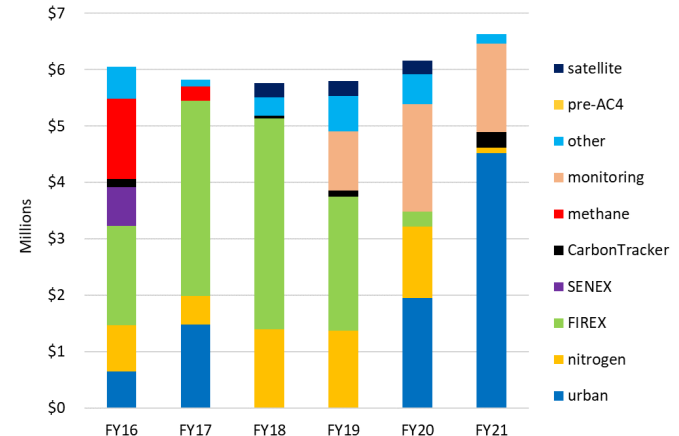
**Program Managers:** Monika Kopacz, PhD (2010-present), Kenneth Mooney, PhD (?-2020)

**Program Specialist:** Shiv Das, PhD (2021-present)

- ✓ NOAA's Atmospheric Composition mandates: Clean Air Act, Global Change Research Act, Weather Act (2017) etc.
- ✓ AC4 was formed from chemistry and carbon programs to forge interdisciplinary connections
- ✓ Leveraging NOAA's 50+ years of experience in monitoring atmospheric composition (e.g. CO<sub>2</sub>)
- ✓ AC4 is heavily involved in Atmospheric Composition strategic planning for OAR and NESDIS

## Program components:

- **\$6.2M** FY21 Budget
- Competitive Research (**97%**)
- Other (**3%**)
- Typical proposal funded by ~\$600-750K for 3 Years or \$1.5 million for larger awards



Budget by year and topic (2016-2021)



## FY17-21 Research Portfolio Highlights

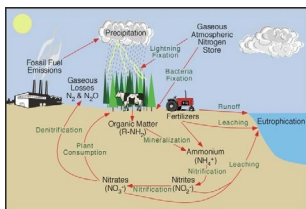
**FY16-17, 22:  
Wildfire Smoke**



**FY16, 17 & 21:  
Field Campaigns**



**FY18: Nitrogen  
Cycle & aerosols**



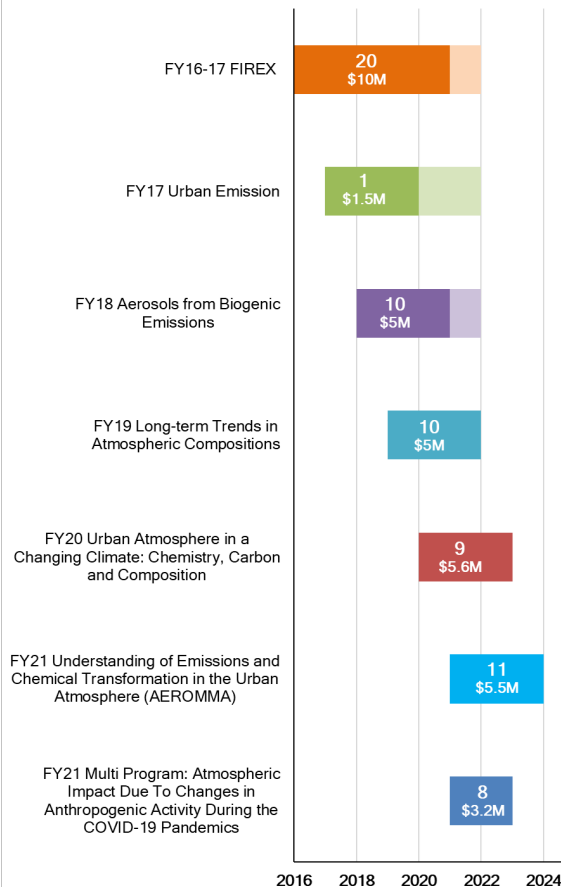
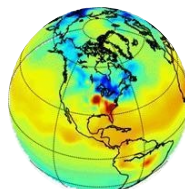
**FY19 Long term  
monitoring**



**FY20, 21 & 22: Urban  
Atmosphere (including  
COVID effects)**



**FY19-20:  
CarbonTracker**



# Key Accomplishments (FY17-21)



## Relevance

### Strategic Partnerships

#### NOAA

- **OAR Labs:** CSL, GML, GFDL, ARL, PMEL
- **NESDIS:** STAR, JPSS, GeoXO
- **OAR Programs:** WPO
- **NWS:** NAQFC

**Academia:** Universities in 30+ states

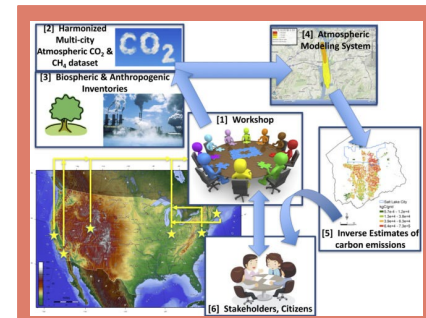
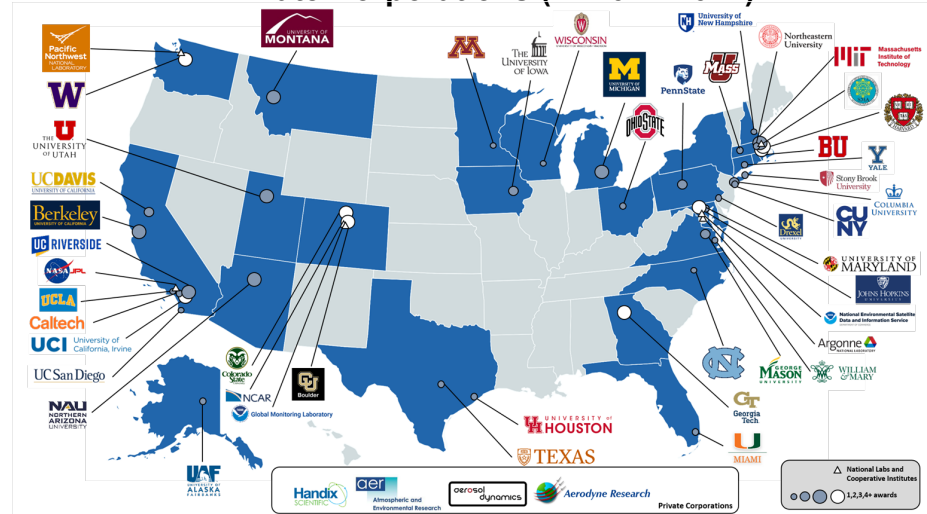
**Private sector:** NOFO and SBIR

**Federal agencies:** NSF, NASA, EPA, DOE, NIST, CCIWG

**International:** IGAC, IG3IS (WMO)

**Actively engaged with various NOAA/CPO priorities:** Heat Risk Team; Fire Weather Act; NESDIS GeoXO constellation planning; NESDIS Satellite performance Assessment Team (core membership), NOAA User Readiness Plan for Atmospheric Composition from Space (NURPACS) development, Developed **CO<sub>2</sub>-USA** Community of Practice - urban carbon focused group of scientists and stakeholders

### AC4 Funded Universities, Institutes and Private Corporations (FY2017-2022)



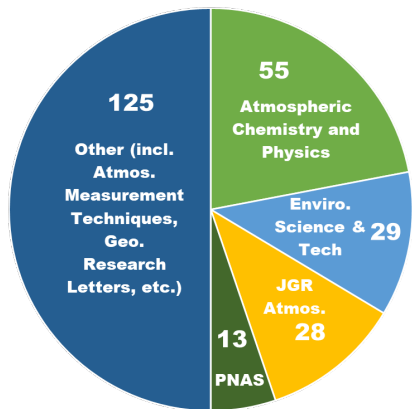
### “CO<sub>2</sub>-USA” Network

# Key Accomplishments (FY17-21)



## Quality

Total Publications, by Journal (250)



The Boston Globe

Massachusetts vastly underestimates emissions from natural gas, study finds

By David Abel Globe Staff, Updated October 25, 2021, 4:35 p.m.



The New York Times

The most detailed map of Auto Emissions in America

The Salt Lake Tribune

"Uinta Basin is hemorrhaging methane as leaks go undetected"

## Most Cited Publication, By Year



Hobbie et al. "Contrasting nitrogen and phosphorus budgets in urban watersheds and implications for managing urban water pollution." PNAS (2017)

207



Koss et al. "Non-methane organic gas emissions from biomass burning: identification, quantification, and emission factors from PTR-ToF during the FIREX 2016 laboratory experiment." Atm. Chem and Phy. (2018)

147



Resplandy et al. "Quantification of ocean heat uptake from changes in atmospheric O<sub>2</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> composition." Sci. Rep. (2019)

79



Tian et al. "A comprehensive quantification of global nitrous oxide sources and sinks." Nature (2020)

194



Tzompa-Sosa et al. "Atmospheric implications of large C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkane emissions from the US oil and gas industry." J. Geophys. Res. Atmos. (2021)

11



DOC Bronze medal for FIREX-AQ (2019)



DOC Bronze medal for COVID-19 response (2021)



NESDIS Collaboration award (2021)

# Key Accomplishments (FY17-21)



## Performance

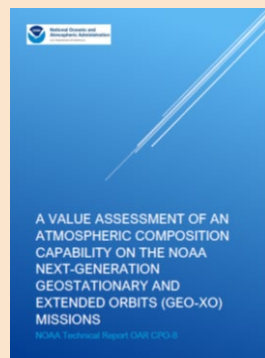
In the past 5 years,

- Established AC4 as the major program in the US focused on **urban atmospheric composition** (GHG and Air Quality) research
- AC4 has selected and managed **89 projects**
- Met **100%** of AOP milestones and executed **100%** of the annual budget, met **100%** of grants processing deadlines, all ahead of schedule

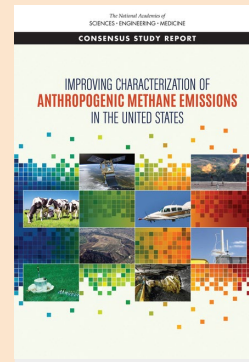
**25-40%**  
proposals  
funding rate  
during FY17-  
21

## Reports

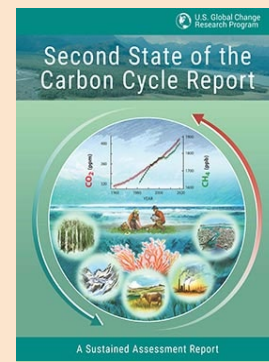
- National Academies of Science report on Anthropogenic **Methane Emissions** in the United States (2018)
- Assessment report: 2nd State Of **Carbon Cycle Science Report** (SOCCR 2)
- **NESDIS GeoXO** planning contribution: AC Value Assessment **Report** (2020), Atmospheric Composition **Town Hall** (April 2021)



**Satellite value assessment**



**US Methane Emissions**



**Carbon Cycle**

# Key Accomplishments (FY17-21)



## Program Highlights - new policy relevant science

- Facilitated, strengthened a large interagency **field campaign: FIREX-AQ** - **developed an unprecedented dataset** of wildfire smoke composition
- Contributed to development of GeoXO constellation with a **first ever dedicated operational instrument** for **Atmospheric Composition (ACX)**
- **Nitrogen cycle:** including bi-directional exchange of ammonia in GFDL Earth System Model; improvements to nitrogen containing aerosols



### Groundbreaking Scientific Findings:

- “US particulate matter air quality improves except in **wildfire-prone areas**” (*McClure and Jaffe PNAS 2018*)
- **Urban trees** (aka fragmented forests) are more efficient in taking up carbon, but are more vulnerable to climate change (*Reimann and Hutyra, PNAS 2017*)
- **Methane leakages** from US oil & gas production: varied diurnal cycle and super-emitters (*Lin et al., Nature Scientific Reports 2021*); leaks at consumer end (*Sargent et al., PNAS 2021*)



# Strategic Lookahead



- **Drivers:**

- Administrative priority on reducing **greenhouse gas** emissions
- NOAA's next generation of geostationary **satellite** planning and development
- **Wildfires** and especially smoke causing increasing damage to life and property
- Changing emissions in **urban areas** as traditional pollutants decrease (e.g. cars) and consumer products emissions increase (e.g. personal care products, cleaning agents, etc.)

- **Some Strategic Considerations:**

- How can AC4 help assess the success of the pledged **greenhouse gas** reductions and collaborate with other agencies on CDR effort? (directly and through Carbon Cycle Interagency Working Group)
- How can AC4 community take advantage of the golden era of **satellite measurements**?
- How can AC4 best connect **field campaigns** to analysis and modeling efforts across NOAA and to the external community?



# Backup Slides

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## Additional resources:

- [AC4 website](#)
- [AEROMMA website](#)
- [FIREX-AQ website](#)
- [GeoXO website](#)
- [CCIWG SOCCR 2](#)
- [IG3IS](#)