



# Extended-Range Prediction of Hurricane Genesis in a High-Resolution Global Coupled Climate Model System



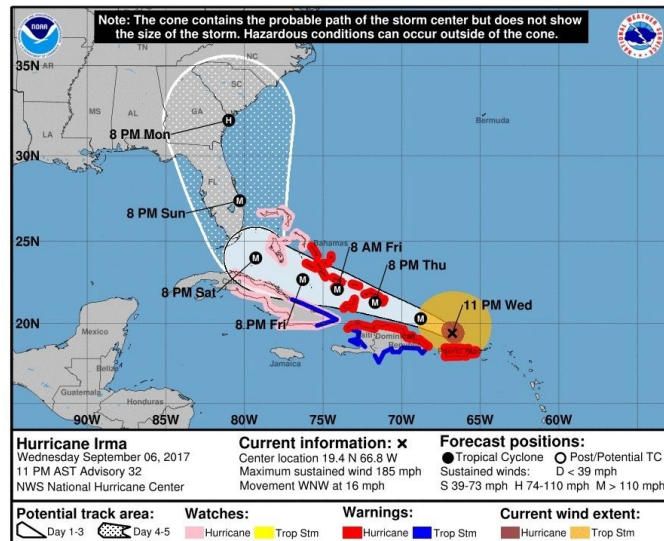
09/08/2017 Source: NOAA

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Acknowledgment: B. Xiang, M. Zhao, S.-J. Lin, J. Chen (GFDL), T. Li (UH), Z. Wang (UIUC)

# Hurricane prediction at different time-scales

## Short-term Prediction (~ days) (Initial condition)



## Seasonal Outlook (~months) (SST, QBO, PDO, AMO, etc)

HURRICANE SEASON FORECAST 2017				
	30-YEAR AVG.	COLORADO STATE UNIV.	NOAA	The Weather Channel
TOTAL NAMED	12	16	14-19	15
HURRICANES	6	8	5-9	8
CATEGORY 3 OR HIGHER	3	3	2-5	3

\*INCLUDES STORMS THAT HAVE ALREADY FORMED

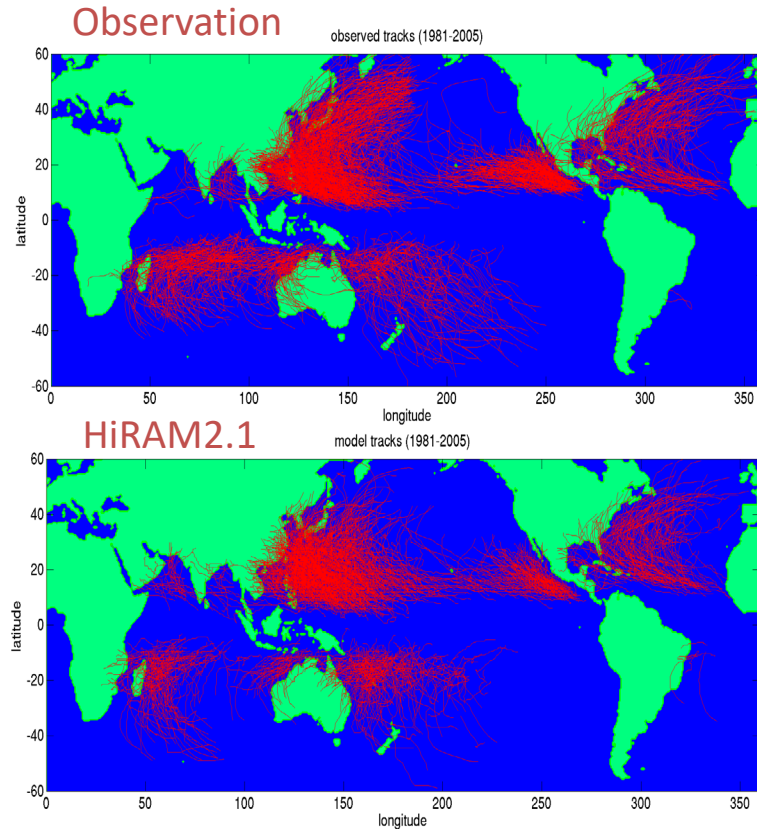


## Extended-range Prediction (~ weeks) (*Madden-Julian Oscillation*, CCEWs, SST, etc)



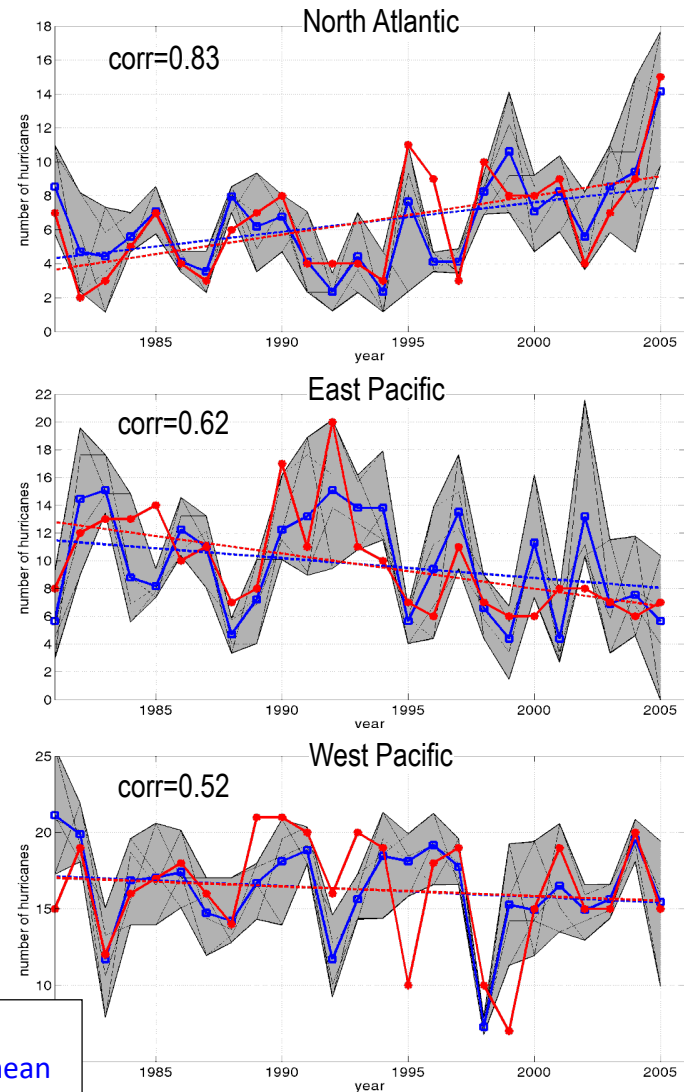
# Hurricane in GFDL High-Resolution Atmospheric Model (HiRAM)

## Climatology



Zhao et al. (2009)

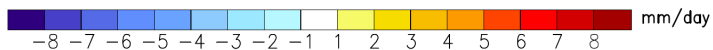
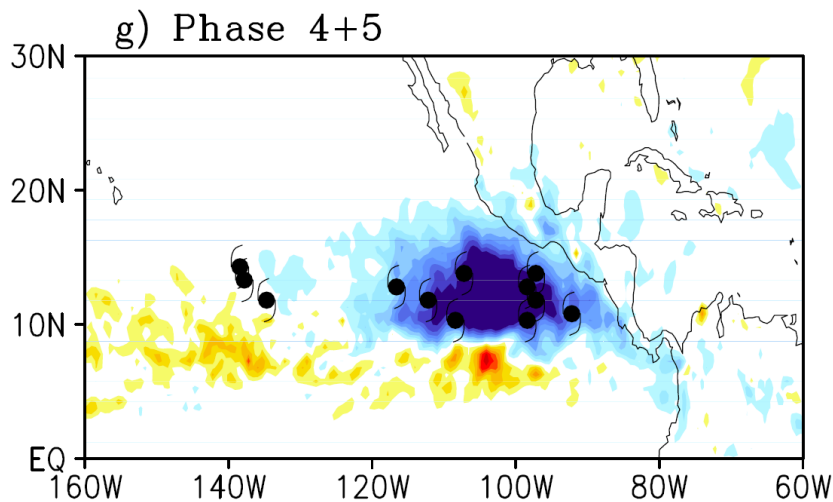
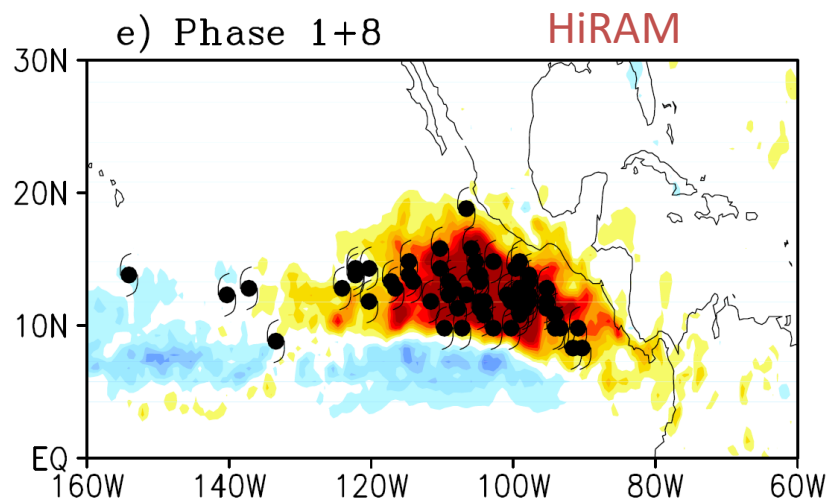
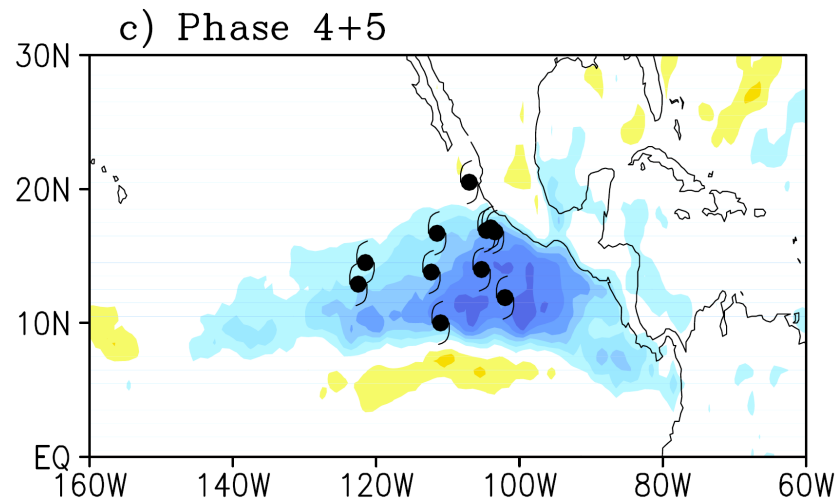
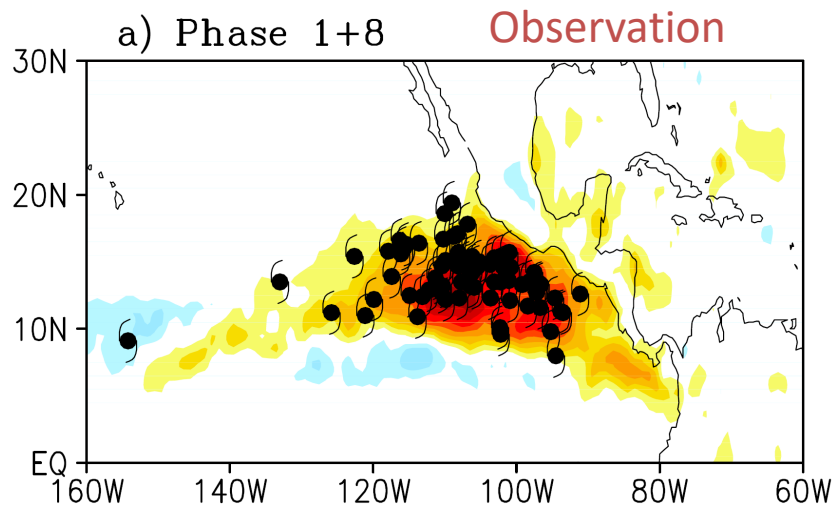
## Interannual variability



Red: Observations  
Blue: HiRAM ens mean  
Shading: model spread

# EPAC MJO and TC genesis in GFDL HiRAM

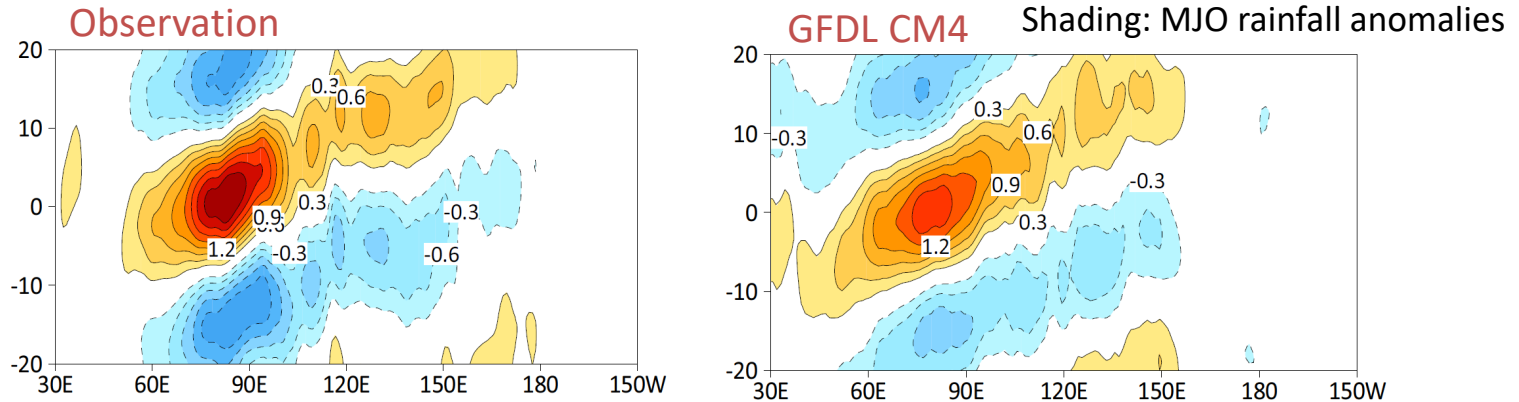
Jiang et al. (2012, 2013)



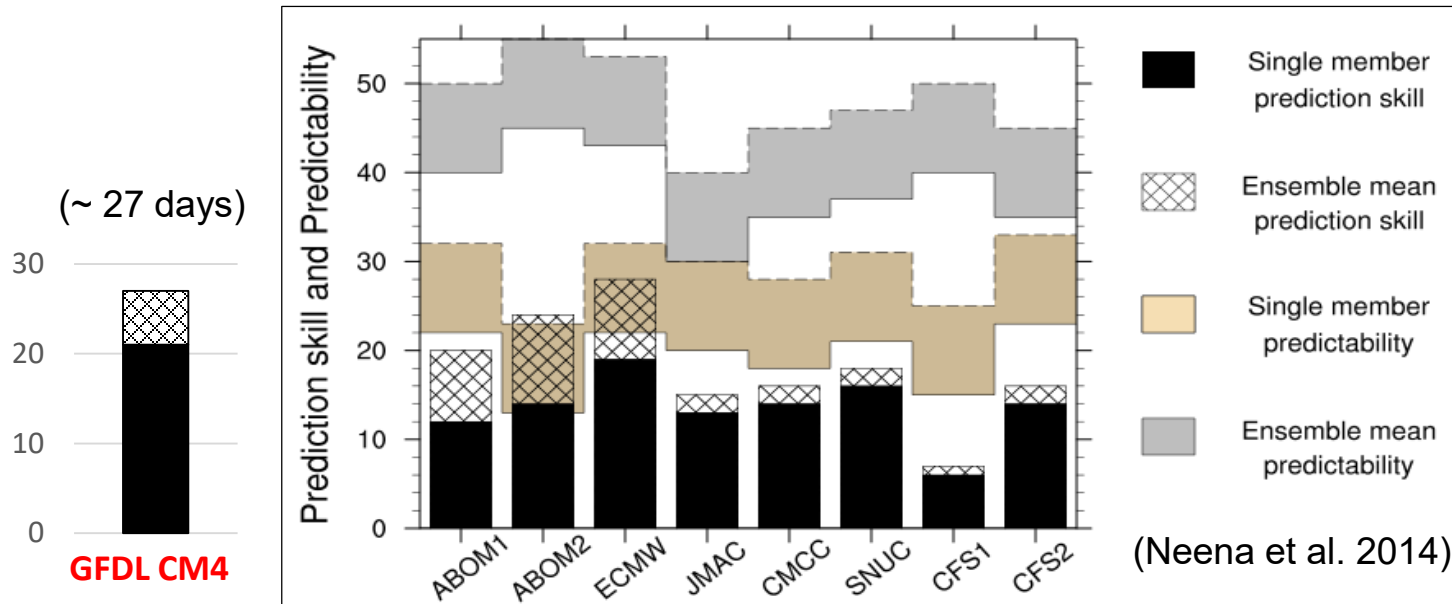
Shading: MJO rainfall anomalies

# Improvement of MJO representation in the new GFDL CM4

Climate simulations: (Zhao et al. 2017)



MJO prediction skill (Xiang et al. 2015a)



# Subseasonal Prediction of TC genesis – Case studies

Sandy (Oct 2012)



Haiyan (Nov 2013)



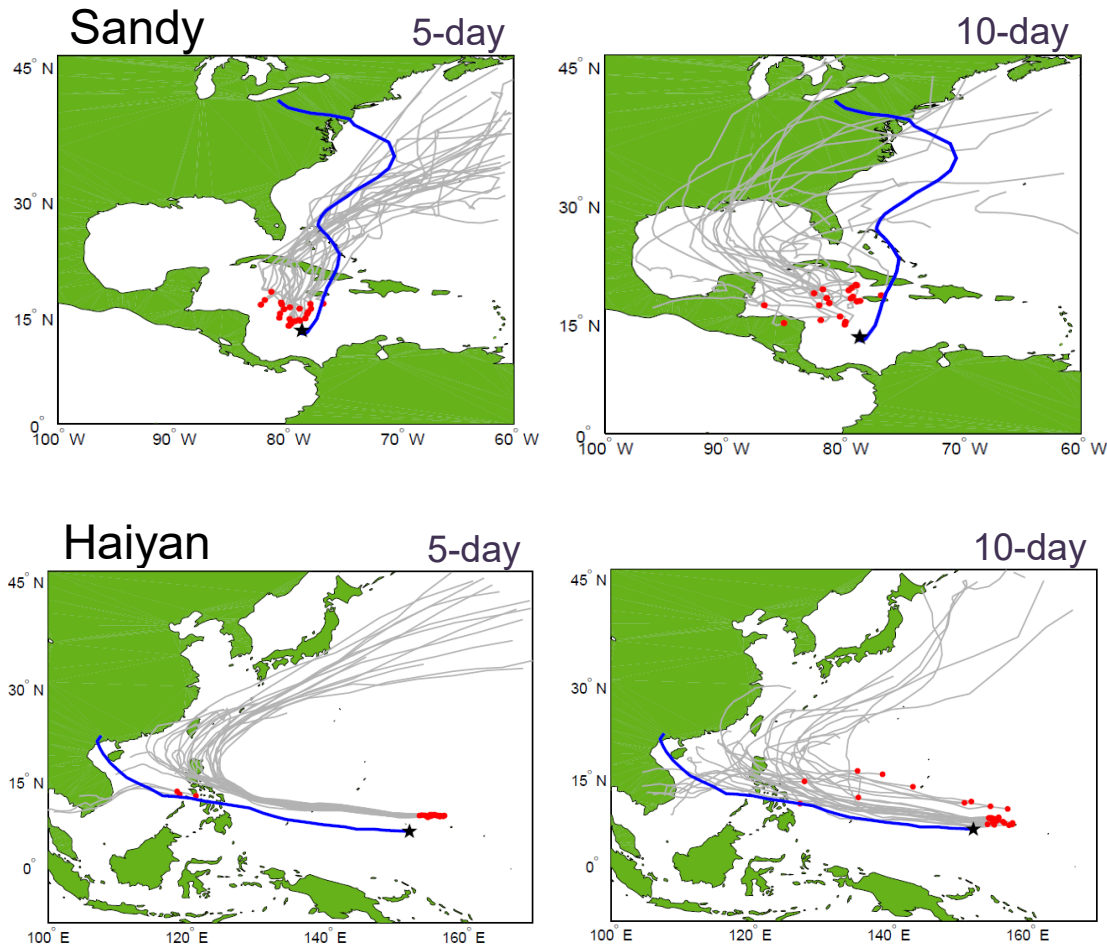
Model	Global Coupled GFDL CM4, Atmos ~50 km; Ocean ~ 1 deg
Atmos I.C.	Nudging u, v, T, h, Ps to NOAA GFS analysis (6 hourly)
Ocean I.C.	Nudging SST to NOAA daily SST (daily)
Forecast	Daily
Ensemble	24 (00Z-24Z at hourly interval)
Integration	50 days

no data  
assimilation

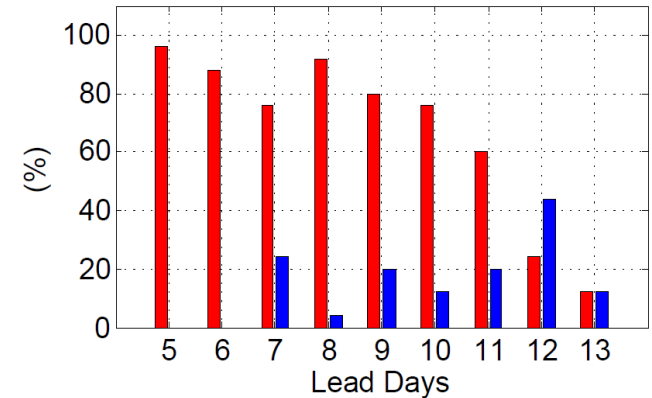
# Genesis Forecast Skill for Sandy and Haiyan in CM4

Beyond-weather prediction skill (~11 day)!

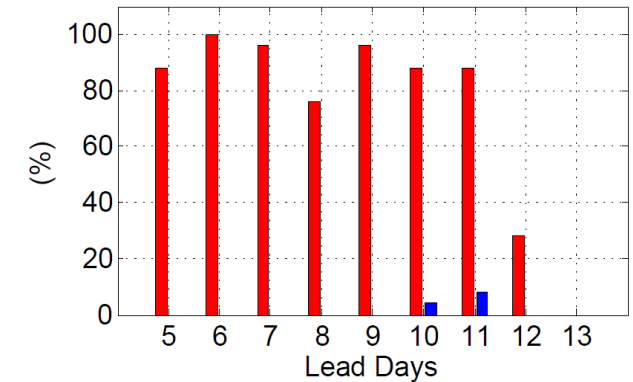
Genesis validation: +/- 1.5 days;  
within 8° from observed TS genesis



a) Sandy (2012)



b) Haiyan (2013)

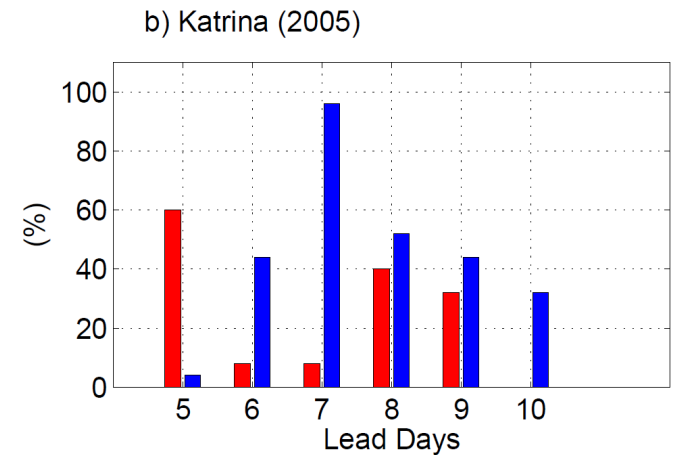
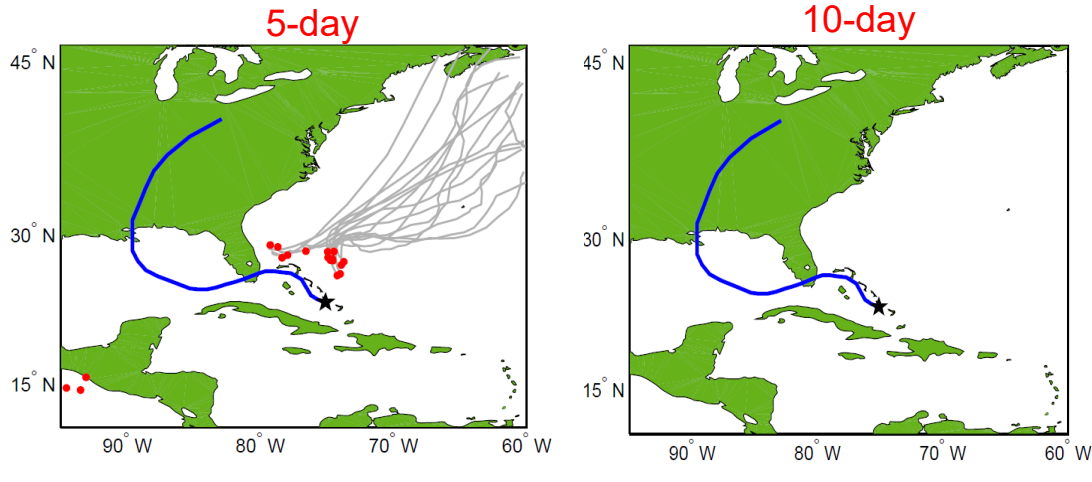


**Blue:** best track  
**Grey:** ensemble forecasts

Hit rate (red, 3-day window)  
Early / late genesis rate (blue, 10-day window)

# Genesis forecast of Katrina (Aug 2005)

Much lower skill than Sandy/Haiyan.



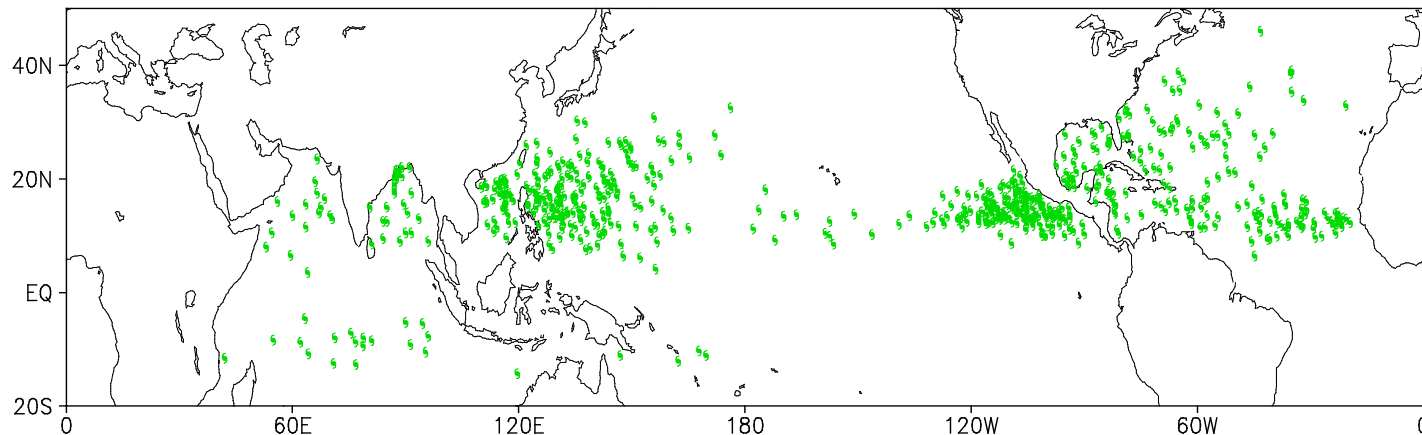
- How predictable of TC genesis in general on extended-range time scales?
- What factors affect TC genesis prediction skill?



# Subseasonal Prediction of TC genesis – Multi-year hindcasts

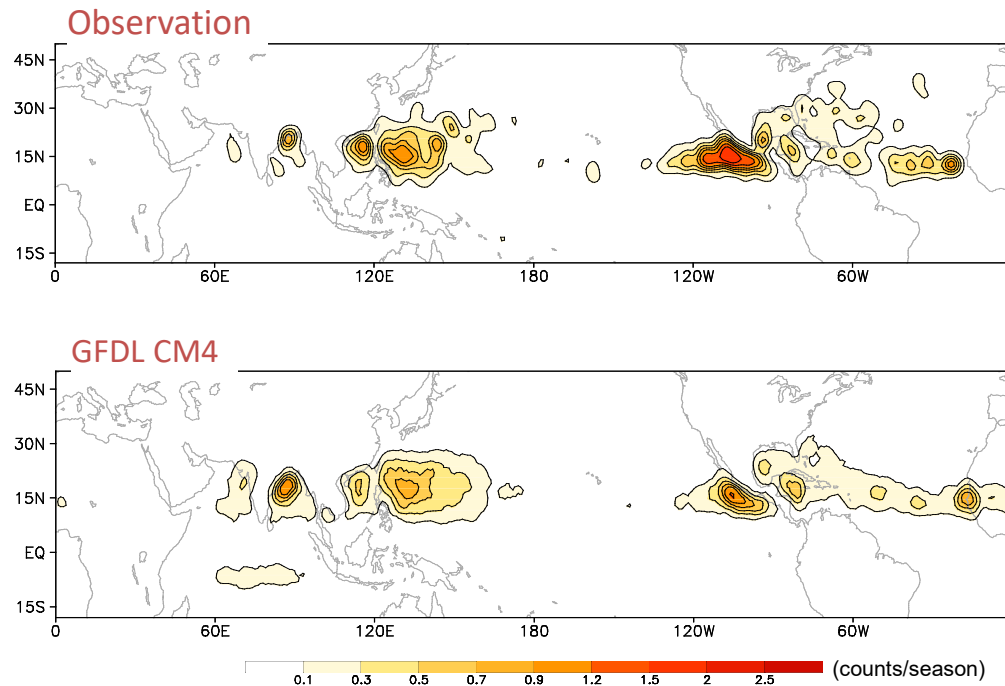
- Jun-Nov, 2003-2013
- 6 times each month (1<sup>st</sup>, 6<sup>th</sup>, 11<sup>st</sup>, 16<sup>th</sup>, 21<sup>st</sup>, 26<sup>th</sup>)
- 12 ensemble members (00Z, 02Z, ..., 22Z)
- 50-day forecast

## Observations: 657 Tropical Storms (Jun-Nov, 2003-2013)

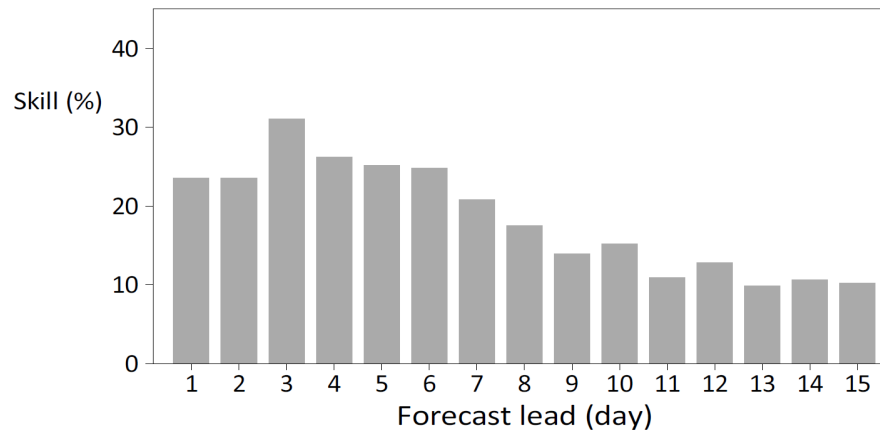


Jiang et al. 2017

# Climatological TS Genesis Occurrence Frequency in Hindcasts



## Globally (WP, EP, NA) averaged TS genesis skill (#594)



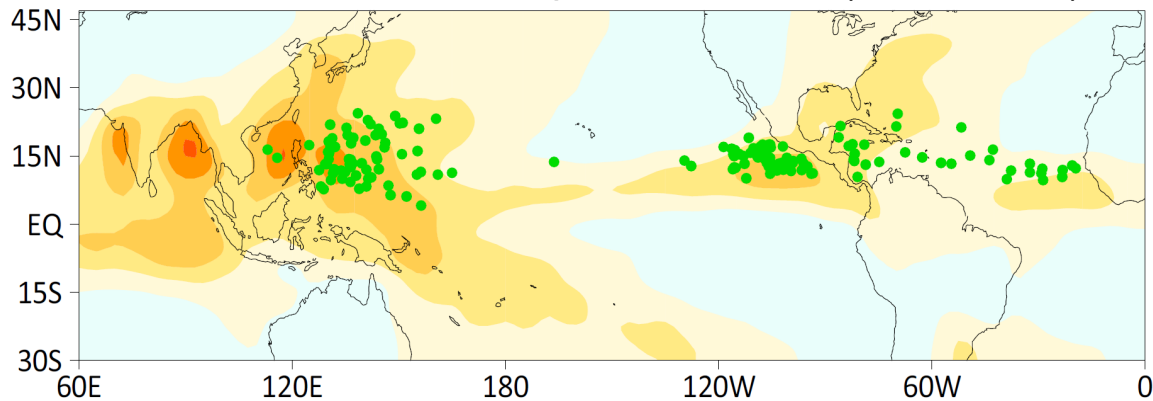
Global TS genesis skill is limited.

Jiang et al. 2017

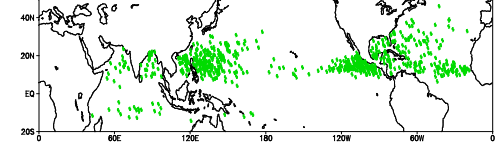
# Identification of more predictable tropical storms

More predictable TS genesis: **week-1** forecast skill > 65% ; or **week-2** forecast skill > 50%

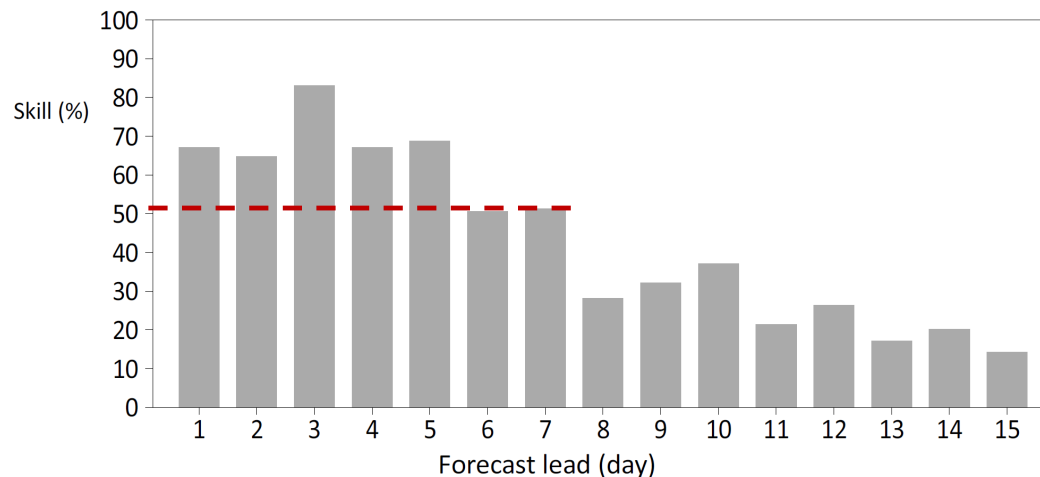
Genesis location of more predictable TSs (#172 ~ 29%)



Total TSs during 2003-2013



Genesis prediction skill for selected more predictable TSs (#172)

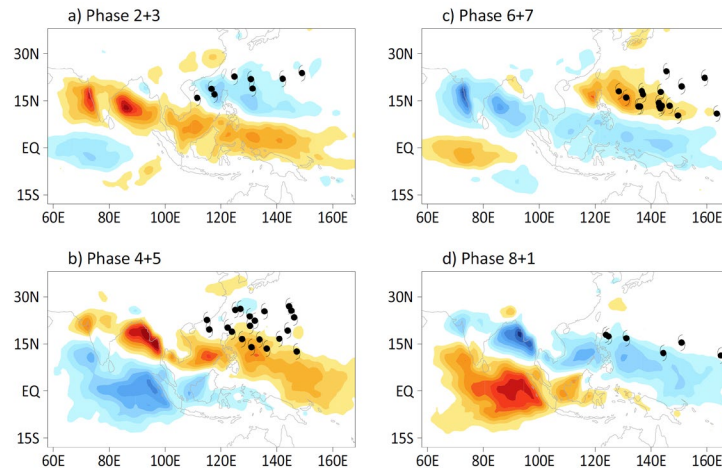


Jiang et al. 2017

# More predictable TS genesis and large-scale forcing over the W. Pac

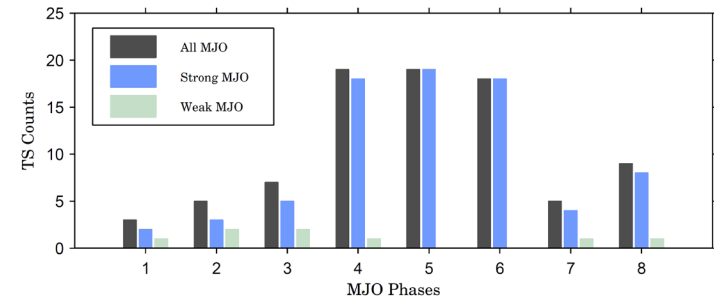
## More predictable TS genesis and the MJO

Jiang et al. 2017

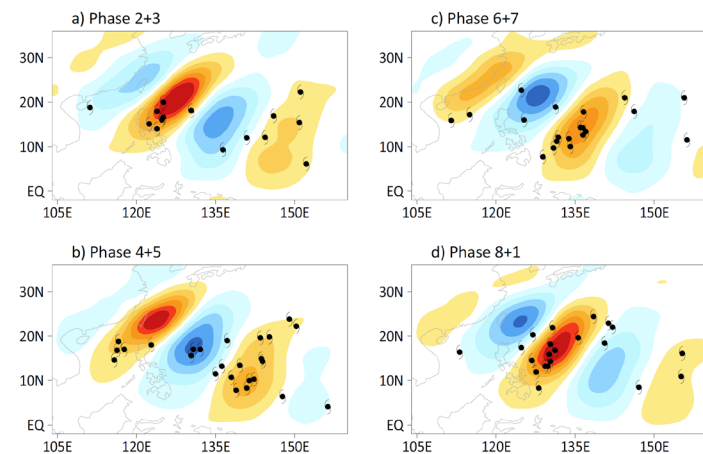


Shading: MJO rainfall anomalies

## TS counts with MJO phases

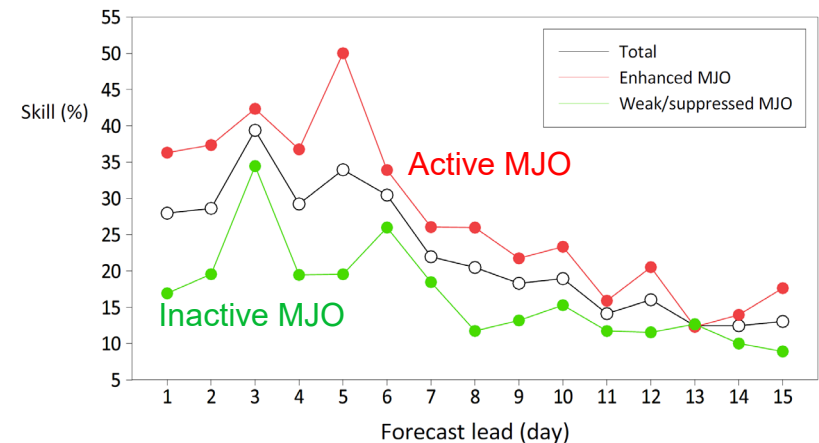


## More predictable TS genesis and Synoptic Waves



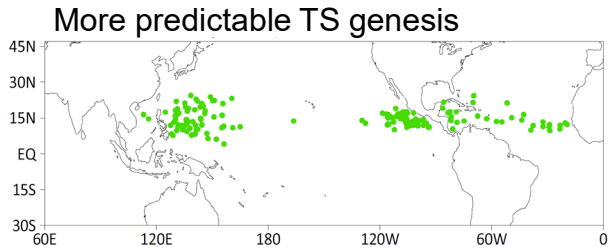
Shading: 850hPa vorticity

## MJO influences on WP/EP TS genesis prediction skill





# Predictability of large-scale fields at week-2 (day 8-14)

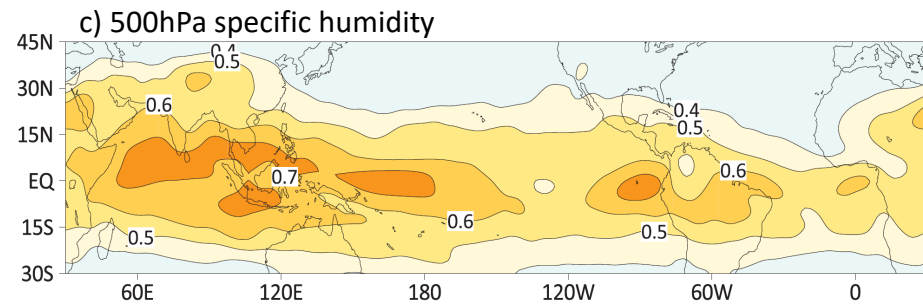
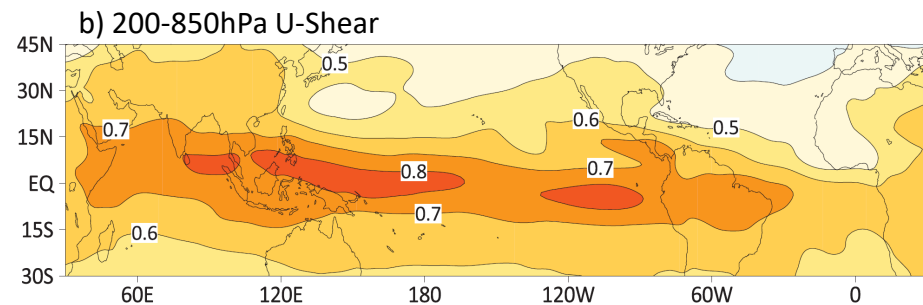
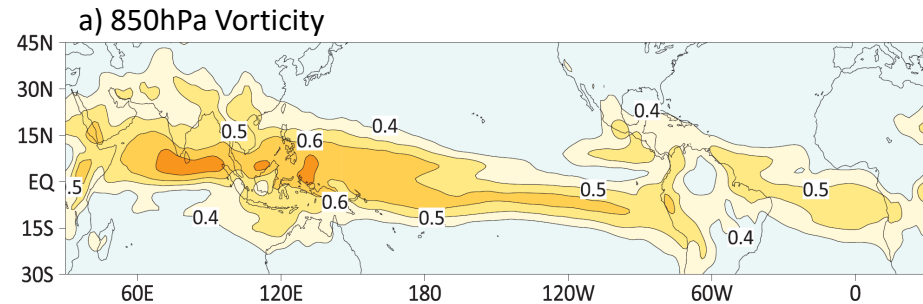


What's the S2S predictability sources over the tropical Atlantic?

How predictable of CCEWs on S2S time scale?

Unexploited predictability sources?

Jiang et al. 2017



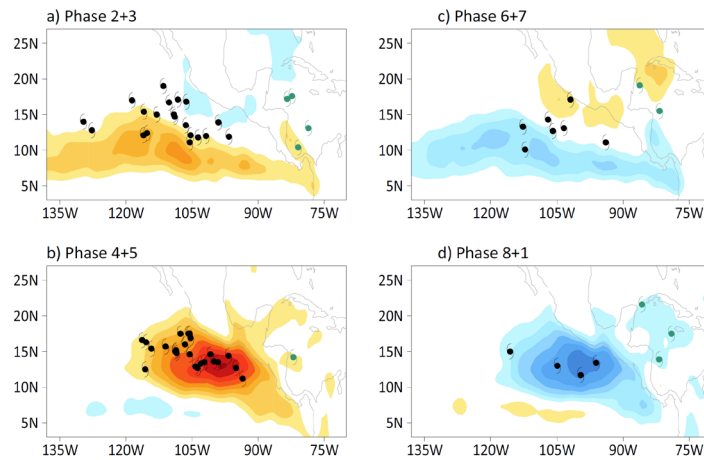
# Summary

- Recent model development with explicit TC-resolving capability and improved representation of large-scale climate variability modes, makes it possible to make extended-range prediction of TC activity;
- Beyond-weather predictability of TC genesis with about 11-day lead time is noted for Sandy and Haiyan based on the GFDL CM4;
- While prediction skill of TC genesis over global oceans is limited, more predictable TC genesis is largely located over tropical regions where the MJO and tropical waves are active;
- Predictability of TC genesis is closely linked to predictability of large-scale fields, including low-level vorticity, mid-level moisture, and vertical wind shear.



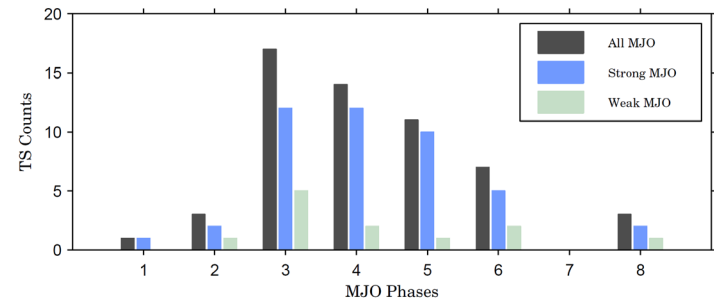
# More predictable TS genesis and large-scale forcing over the E. Pacific

## TS genesis and the MJO

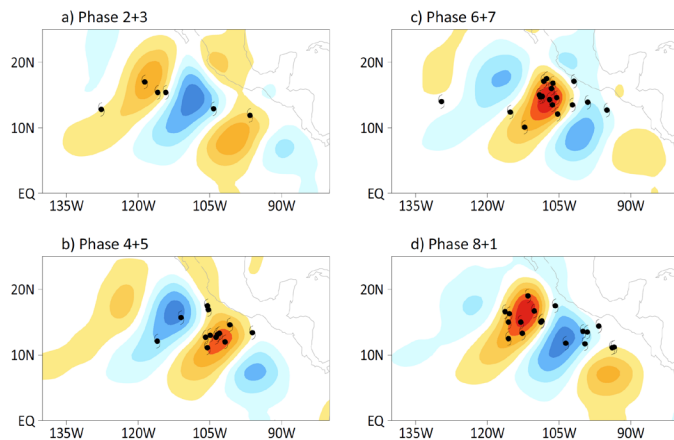


Shading: MJO rainfall anomalies

## more predictable TS counts with MJO phases



## TS genesis and Easterly-waves

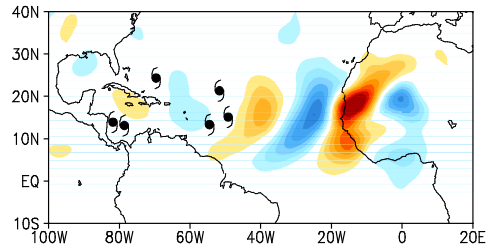


Shading: 850hPa vorticity

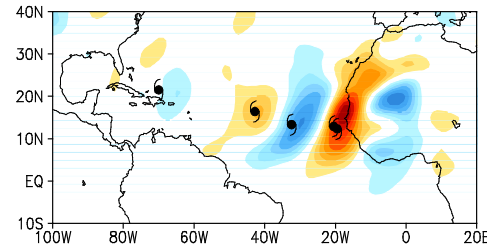


# More predictable NA TSs with Easterly Waves

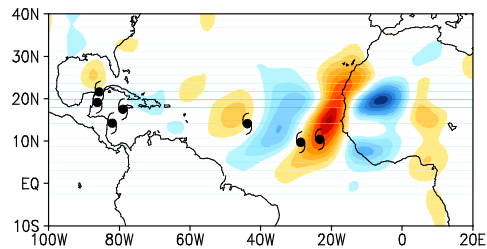
Phase 1



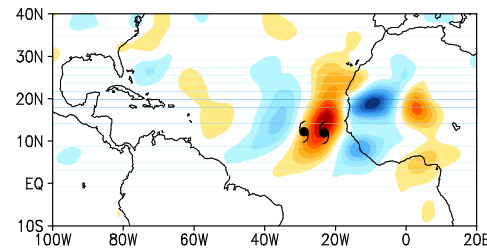
Phase 2



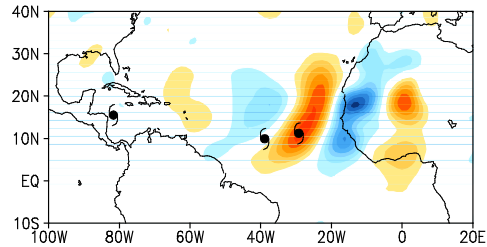
Phase 3



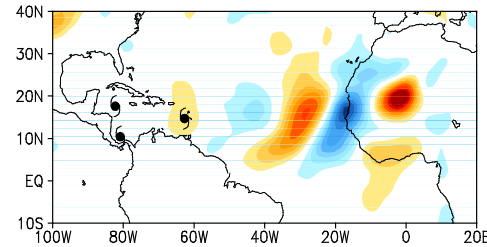
Phase 4



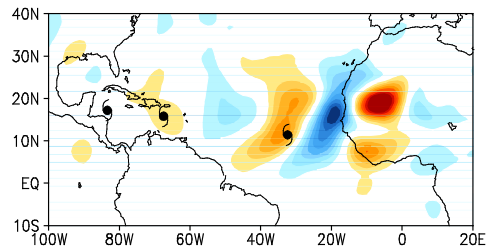
Phase 5



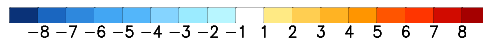
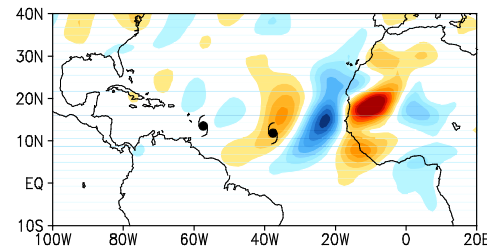
Phase 6



Phase 7



Phase 8



## False Alarm Rate (FAR)

